## ICLMG Editorial Stop the deportation of José Figueroa

Last week, José Figueroa, a Salvadoran refugee claimant living in B.C., was forced to claim sanctuary in a Langley Lutheran church to avoid deportation to El Salvador. Mr. Figueroa, a married father of three Canadian-born children, has been ordered deported by the Immigration and Refugee Board (IRB) due to his past affiliation with the Farabundo Marti Front for National Liberation (FMLN), currently the governing political party in El Salvador. If deported Mr. Figueroa will be forced to uproot his family, including his Canadian-born children, despite by all accounts having contributed positively to his Canadian community for over 15 years. Unless the order is reversed by the Minister of Public Safety, Mr. Figueroa will be deported on October 29.

The ICLMG is especially troubled by the fact that the IRB based its ruling on the Canadian Border Security Agency's (CBSA) assessment that the FMLN "is or was engaged in terrorism and/or subversion" and on coinciding legal arguments from the Ministry of Public Safety. This is ludicrous!

The FMLN is not, and never was a terrorist organization. It does not figure on the list of "terrorist entities" established by Canada or any other country. Furthermore, during El Salvador's 12-year civil war, the FMLN insurgency was internationally recognized as legitimate and representative, as per the joint declaration by the French and Mexican governments in 1981. At the time, the FMLN was a broad coalition of opposition forces that struggled against a murderous and repressive Salvadoran government and military that targeted their own civilian population, violated human rights with impunity, and sustained entrenched socio-economic injustice. One only has to remember the assassination of Bishop Romero, the murder of the six Jesuits at the Central American University, and the massacre at El Mozote, among other acts of terror committed by the regime. In 1992, following a peace process and negotiations supported by the international community, including the government of Canada, peace and democracy came to El Salvador and the FMLN became a legitimate political party. Since then it has participated in elections at all levels and has steadily become the country's leading political force. And on March 15, 2009, Salvadoreans elected FMLN candidate Mauricio Funes as their President. The Canadian government recognized that election process as "free and fair," and was represented by Minister of State of Foreign Affairs Peter Kent during President Funes' inauguration on June 1, 2009. In addition, the Canadian government hosted an 'Ethics and Democracy Conference' in San Salvador in 2011, with the participation of President Funes. In light of all this, it baffles the mind that Canadian authorities conclude that a person is inadmissible to Canada simply for having been affiliated with the FMLN.

It is also no secret that most Salvadoran refugees in Canada came here to escape repression and would have similar sympathies, or even be associated, with the FMLN. The case of Mr. Figueroa therefore constitutes a very dangerous precedent for hundreds

of other Salvadoran refugees who have been in Canada for many years and have made a very positive contribution to Canadian society. Under the immigration clause being used to justify this deportation, Nobel Peace prize winners Nelson Mandela or Rigoberta Manchu would also be inadmissible to Canada.

This case also raises the question as to what extent Canadian immigration officials rely on US information when making refugee determinations, which in itself is extremely problematic when the US supported so many of the regimes that produced refugees in Latin America (Chile being another case).

Consequently, the ICLMG urges the Minister of Public Safety to intervene in Mr. Figueroa's case to reverse his deportation order and to allow him and his family to continue leading productive lives in their Langley, B.C. home. Also, the government must address the glaring policy gap this case brings to light and ensure that the FMLN is clearly and categorically recognized by the Immigration and Refugee Board and the Canadian Border Security Agency as a legitimate and representative political entity. Failing to do so would be an affront to the Salvadoran community in Canada, and others who have fled repressive regimes to seek asylum in our country .

Roch Tassé National Coordinator

**Urgent action**: Send support letters ASAP to the Minister of Immigration and Minister of Public Safety [before October 20th] see info about this at <a href="http://wearejose.drupalgardens.com/tags/letters">http://wearejose.drupalgardens.com/tags/letters</a>